CONTENTS

Number 1, May, 1933

I. A Study of the Effects of Agave Concentrate in the Treatment of Experimental Nephritis Induced in Animals. I. Nephritis Induced in Rabbits by the Use of Tartrates. By Herman D.	
Jones. Assisted by Keith D. Crane, G. Bernard Johnston and C. R. Henry	1
II. A Study of the Effects of Agave Concentrate in the Treatment of Experimental Nephritis Induced in Animals. II. Nephritis In- duced in Dogs by the Use of Uranium Nitrate. By Herman D.	
Jones. Assisted by R. C. Hughes and G. Bernard Johnston III. Effects of Some Quaternary Ammonium and Analogous Compounds on the Autonomic Nervous System. By Reid Hunt and	25
R. R. Renshaw	51
Frederick Bernheim	67
Frederick Bernheim and Mary L. C. Bernheim	73
VI. The Physiological Action of Norconessine. By A. C. White VII. The Effect of the Separated Fractions of the Posterior Lobe of the	79
Pituitary on the Fat Content of the Liver. By A. C. White VIII. A Contribution to the Pharmacology of Anabasine. By H. B.	89
Haag	95
IX. Ethers and Thio-Ethers of Triethylammonium Compounds. By Reid Hunt and R. R. Renshaw	105
Number 2, June, 1933	
X. The Fate of Glyceryl Trinitrate in the Tolerant and Non-tolerant Animal. By Lathan A. Crandall, Jr	127
XI. Recovery from Experimental Barbital Poisoning under Various Types of Fluid Administration. By W. E. Gower and J. Van de	141
Erve	141
machari	149
XIII. Comparative Potency of Some Digitalis Specialties According to the Pigeon Method. By A. J. Lehman and P. J. Hanzlik	151
XIV. The Comparative Physiological Actions of dl-β-Phenylisopropylamines. II. Bronchial Effect. By Gordon A. Alles and Myron	
Prinzmetal	161

XV.	Some New Alkamines in the Tetrahydronaphthalene Series. By Gerald G. Woods and Nathan B. Eddy	175
XVI.	Studies of Phenanthrene Derivatives. I. A Comparison of Phen-	110
	anthrene and Some 2-, 3-, and 9-Monosubstitution Products. By Nathan B. Eddy	183
XVII.	A Study of the Cause of Death in Experimental Nicotin Poisoning in Dogs. By F. E. Franke and J. Earl Thomas	100
XVIII.	Heat Regulation and Water Exchange. XIV. Liver Edema in the	
	Mechanism of Fever Produced by Beta-Tetrahydronaphthylamine and by Anaphylaxis. By H. T. Marshall and H. G. Barbour	209
XIX.	Heat Regulation and Water Exchange. XV. The Water Content of the Rat Liver in Shiga Vaccine Fever and Amidopyrine Anti-	
	pyresis. By M. K. Horwitt, H. Sherman and H. G. Barbour.	217
XX.	The Intracisternal Minimum Lethal Dose of Procaine Hydrochloride (Novocain) in Dogs. By Frank Wang Cotui	223
XXI.	The Effect of Different Narcotics and Narcotic Combinations on	
	the Minimum Lethal Dose of Procaine Hydrochloride Intracis- ternally. By Frank Wang Cotui	229
XXII.	Observations on the Influence of Certain Drugs on Edema of Para-	
	phenylenediamine. By Milton B. Cohen, Philip Wasserman and J. A. Rudolph	235
XXIII.	The Influence of the Oxygen Tension on the Reversal of Proteolysis (Protein Synthesis) in Certain Malignant Tumors and Nor-	
	mal Tissues. By Carl Voegtlin, Mary E. Maver and J. M.	
	Johnson	241
	Number 3, July, 1933	
XXIV.	The Scientific Proceedings of the American Society for Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics. Twenty-fourth Annual Meeting, Held at Cincinnati, Ohio, April 10-11-12, 1933	267
XXV.	Studies on Calcium. VII. Some Calcium Effects on Thoracic Lymph Flow of Dogs. By Arnold L. Lieberman	
XXVI.	Studies on Calcium. VIII. The Therapeutic Effects of Calglucon	290
	(Calcium Gluconate) on Thrombophlebitic Edema. By Arnold L. Lieberman and Leo M. Zimmerman	301
XXVII.	The Mechanism of Vomiting Induced by Quidinine. I. Quinidine	-
	Emesis in Animals with Denervated Hearts. By A. Carlton Ernstene and Samuel Lowis	308
XXVIII.	The Effect of Anthelmintics on the Host. I. Tetrachlorethylene.	
XXIX.	II. Hexylresorcinol. By B. V. Christensen and H. J. Lynch The Development of Tolerance to Nicotine by Rats. By A.	311
	Behrend and C. H. Thienes	
	The Effect of the Administration of Cyanides on the Thyroid Gland of Chickens. By A. W. Spence	327
XXXI.	The Physico-chemical Properties of Some New Choline Deriva- tives in Relation to Their Chemical Constitution and Pharma-	
	cologic Action. By W. F. Oettingen and R. O. Bowman	333

CONTENTS V

XXXII. Liver Damage in Dogs and Rats after Repeated Oral Administration of Cinchophen, Ethyl Ester of Paramethyl-Phenylcinchoninic Acid (Tolysin) and Sodium Salicylate. By Henry G. Barbour and Merl E. Fisk	59
Number 4, August, 1933	
XXXV. On the Determination of the Toxicity of Neoarsphenamine. I. The Increase in Toxicity on Exposure to Air. By C. A. Morrell	
and C. W. Chapman	75
XXXVI. On the Determination of the Toxicity of Neoarsphenamine. II.	
The Determination of the Characteristic Curve for Rats. By C. A. Morrell and C. W. Chapman	91
XXXVII. Febrile, Respiratory and Some Other Actions of Dinitrophenol.	-
By M. L. Tainter and W. C. Cutting 41	10
XXXVIII. Cumulative Poisoning by Squill Derivatives and by Ouabain.	
By E. W. Wallace and H. B. Van Dyke	3 U
hydroxyacetone in Cyanide Poisoning, and the Alleged Anti-	
dotal Action of Glucose. By B. B. Turner and H. R. Hulpieu. 44	4 5
XL. Phosphate-buffered Injection Medium Disturbance in Caffeine	
Effects on Voluntary Muscle Response. By Ralph H. Cheney. 47	70
XLI. Toxicity and Deposition of Thallium in Certain Game Birds. By Paul A. Shaw	70
XLII. Narcotic Potency in the Paraldehyde Series. By P. K. Knoefel. 48	
	-

ILLUSTRATIONS

Agave concentrate in treatment of nephritis (Plate 1)	19
concentrate in treatment of nephritis (Plate 2)	21
concentrate in treatment of nephritis (Plate 3)	23
concentrate in treatment of nephritis (Plate 3)	45
concentrate in treatment of nephritis (Plate 4)	47
concentrate in treatment of nephritis (Plate 5)	49
Interaction of drugs on intestine (Fig. 1A)	69
— of drugs on intestine (Fig. 1B)	69
— of drugs on intestine (Fig. 2)	69
Effect of 9.5 mgm. per kilogram (intravenous) norconessine on the intestinal	
volume (upper tracing) and the blood pressure (lower tracing) in the anaes-	
thetised cat (Fig. 1)	82
Isolated rabbit intestine (ileum); upper tracing circular muscle, lower tracing	
longitudinal muscle (Trendelenburg method) (Fig. 2)	84
— rabbit intestine (duodenum). Trendelenburg method; upper tracing	-
circular muscle, lower tracing longitudinal muscle (Fig. 3)	84
Effect of pituitary on fat content of liver (Fig. 1)	92
Nicotine anabasine (Fig. 1)	96
	101
	101
Date of three typical experiments on recovery rate and urine flow in the same	101
animal, weighing 11.9 kgm., given 4.0 grams of sodium barbital intra-	
venously in 10 per cent solution on each occasion, and subjected to three	
	144
	166
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	166
	168
	169
(= -6, -/ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	109
Record of blood pressure and respiration in a dog poisoned with nicotin while	001
	201
	204
Proteolysis and reversal of proteolysis of rabbit muscle extract at pH 6.97 in	050
	250
Influence of copper upon the reversal of proteolysis of rabbit skeletal muscle	~
	251
Proteolysis and reversal of proteolysis of a Jensen sarcoma extract at pH 6.91	~ ·
	254
in nitrogen and reversal of proteolysis in oxygen of Walker carcinoma tis-	~~~
	255
Influence of copper upon the reversal of proteolysis in a Walker carcinoma	
extract at pH 6.50 (Chart 5)	256

ILLUSTRATIONS

Proteolysis of fibrin by papain in nitrogen and the reversal of proteolysis
(protein synthesis) in oxygen at pH 7.2 (Chart 6)
Studies on calcium (Fig. 1)
Development of tolerance to nicotine (Fig. 1)
Diffusion velocity of M/100 choline hydrochloride (A) and M/100 trimethyl-ammonium-ethyl-amine-chloride (B) (Fig. 1)
Liver damage after cinchophen, etc. (Plate 1)
Rate of increase in toxicity of protected and unprotected solutions (Fig. 1). 387
Determination of toxicity of neoarsphenamine (Fig. 1)
— of toxicity of neoarsphenamine (Fig. 2)
— of toxicity of neoarsphenamine (Fig. 3)
— of toxicity of neoarsphenamine (Fig. 4)
Relationship of dosage to the fever and to the percentage mortality caused
by dinitrophenol subcutaneously in unanesthetized rats (Fig. 1) 414
Average changes in respiration and rectal temperature following 20 mgm. per
kilogram of dinitrophenol intramuscularly in 5 unanesthetized rabbits
(Fig. 2)
Respiratory and circulatory responses to dinitrophenol, 25 mgm. per kilogram
intramuscularly (Fig. 3)
Correlation of blood sugar level and the symptoms observed in rabbits poi-
soned with sodium cyanide (Fig. 1)
Effect of repeated dosage of dihydroxyacetone on the blood sugar (i.e., re-
ducing power of blood) (Fig. 2)
Sodium thiosulphate as an antidote to sodium cyanide poisoning (Fig. 3). 459
— thiosulphate plus dihydroxyacetone as an antidote for sodium cyanide
(Fig. 4)
Behavior of the blood sugar level during and after asphyxia caused by re-
breathing (Fig. 5)
Comparisons of the sugar and lactic acid in the blood during cyanide poison-
ing (Fig. 6)
Graph demonstrating the difference in XY value units between the treated
muscle and its non-treated control with respect to the composition of the
buffered injection medium (Fig. 1)