Triiodothyronine reduces vascular dysfunction associated with hypertension by attenuating PKG/VASP signaling.

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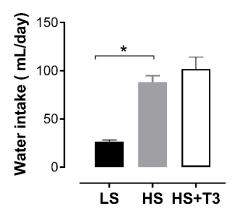
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Supplemental Methods

Animals and Study Design

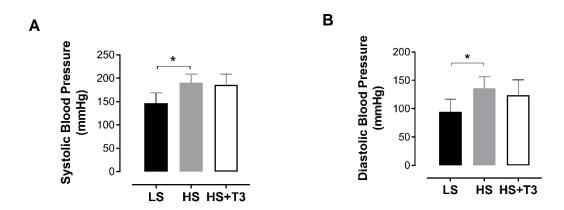
Female Dahl SS rats assigned to a high salt diet (n=7-8/per group) containing 8% NaCl (HS group, Research Diets #D10101401, New Brunswick, NJ) were randomly allocated in two experimental sub-groups at 11 weeks of age. One group received regular drinking water (HS group) and another T3 supplemented water (5μg/Kg/day) for four weeks. The efficacy of T3 supplementation at the selected dose and delivery method was previously established by our group (Weltman et al., 2013; Weltman et al., 2015; Zhang et al., 2018). Water intake was measured at baseline for HS diet (8 weeks of age), and bi-weekly thereafter initiation of HS protocol.

Supplemental Figure 1



Supplemental Figure 1. T3 treatment did not alter water intake in the Dahl SS rats fed a high salt diet (HS Group). HS Group were treated with T3 ($5\mu g/Kg/day$) for four weeks; water intake was measured three weeks after initiation of T3 treatment. Data are expressed as means \pm SEM; n=4 in the low salt group (LS group), n=8 in the HS group, and n=7 in the HS+T3 group. *P<0.0001 compared with LS group.

Supplemental Figure 2



Supplemental Figure 2. T3 treatment did not decrease blood pressure in Dahl SS rats fed a high salt diet (HS Group). HS Group was treated with T3 ($5\mu g/Kg/day$) for four weeks and systolic (A) and diastolic (B) blood pressure was measured by tail-cuff method. Data are expressed as means \pm SEM; n=9 per group. *P<0.005 compared with the low salt group (LS group).

Supplemental References

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Weltman NY, Pol CJ, Zhang Y, Wang Y, Koder A, Raza S, Zucchi R, Saba A, Colligiani D and Gerdes AM (2015) Long-term physiological T3 supplementation in

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